Prova scritta
Busta n. 2

Selezione pubblica, per esami, per il reclutamento a tempo determinato di n. 1 unità di personale dell'area dei funzionari, settore amministrativo-gestionale, con profilo di "Esperto di gestione amministrativa dei progetti - Project administration specialist", in regime di full time, per la durata di 12 mesi, nonché per l'approvazione di una graduatoria utile al reclutamento di personale a tempo determinato per esigenze temporanee o eccezionali dell'Università degli Studi di Trieste (DDG 438/2026 del 2 luglio 2026).

1) Dopo una breve premessa sulla procedura di affidamento diretto ai sensi dell'art. 50 del D.lgs. n. 36 del 2023, il candidato o la candidata esponga le modalità di controllo dei requisiti di ordine generale degli operatori economici eventualmente distinguendo tra procedure di importo inferiore a 40.000 euro e procedure di importo superiore.

2) Il candidato o la candidata definisca il Direttore di Dipartimento.

3) Il candidato o la candidata risponda alle seguenti domande a risposta multipla in tema di progetti di ricerca.

3.1) In European projects, which of the following cost items is generally not eligible for reimbursement under financial reporting rules?
A. Personnel costs
B. Scientific equipment costs
C. Staff travel costs
D. IRAP (Regional Tax on Productive Activities)

3.2) What is the general purpose of simplified cost options in funded projects?
A. To replace all administrative audits and controls.
B. To determine certain costs using predefined methods, such as lump sums, flat rates, or unit costs, where permitted by the funding programme.
C. To make the grant agreement unnecessary.

D. To exclude the application of public procurement rules.

3.3) In a funded project, financial reporting mainly consists of:
A. Documenting the activities carried out and the expenses incurred.
B. Writing scientific articles.
C. Delivering teaching activities.
D. Hiring personnel.

3.4) In European-funded programmes, what is the purpose of audits and administrative controls?
A. To verify the proper implementation of the project and the eligibility of expenditures in accordance with the programme rules and the grant agreement.
B. To assess only the scientific quality of the project results.
C. To replace the beneficiary's responsibility for retaining supporting documentation.
D. To provide consultancy services to the beneficiary.

3.5) Which statement best distinguishes direct costs from indirect costs in a project?
A. Direct costs are always funded at 100%, whereas indirect costs are never funded.
B. Direct costs are specifically attributable to project activities, whereas indirect costs are general overhead costs allocated according to the rules established by the funding programme.
C. Direct costs relate exclusively to personnel expenses.
D. Indirect costs must always be supported by individual invoices specifically addressed to the project.

3.6) In a collaborative (multi-partner) project, what is the coordinator’s role generally?
A. To replace the partners in carrying out the project activities.
B. To independently modify the budget allocation assigned to each partner.
C. To recruit all personnel foreseen in the project.
D. To coordinate the overall implementation of the project and manage relations with the funding authority, while each partner remains responsible for its own activities and obligations.